

Run chemical reaction flow

To run chemical reacting flow, user must download the **thermdat** and the **trandat** files from Sandia National Laboratories. And put those two file under the **esdc** folder.

Currently the chemical reaction flow, can only be run by command mode.

Under esdc directory, type “command_line” to setup environment variables.

Then go to the folders under D:\ESDC\GAS.VRF\CHEMICAL\g1-Sod's-shock-tube

Then type “flusol” with g1.da as input to solve the problem.

Chemical reacting flow model format

To solve the chemical reacting flow problems, following input are needed:

****begin**

solver = compressible flow

chemical = **off**, For single component gas flow (Solving Navier Stokes equations ,Euler equations or conical flow equations)
= on, For multi-component gas flow (for chemical reacting or mixing flow problems)

endu = **off**, The energy diffusive term in the energy equation is set equal to zero. Usually this option is used for equilibrium problem.

= on, The energy diffusive term will be calculated.

diffusion = **off**, The species diffusive term is set equal to zero. Usually, this option is used for equilibrium problems.

= on, The species diffusive will be calculated.

***head**

Sod's shock tube problem

*chemical

ELEMENTS

H O N

END

SPECIES

O2 H2 H2O H O OH N2

END

REACTIONS

H2+O2=2OH 1.70E13 0.00 47780.0

H+O2=OH+O 1.42E14 0.00 16507.0

H2+OH=H2O+H 3.16E07 1.30 3626.0

O+H2=OH+H 2.07E14 0.00 13751.0

2OH=O+H2O 5.50E13 0.00 7000.0

H+OH+M=H2O+M 2.21E22 -2.00 0.0

H2O/20/

H+H+M=H2+M 6.53E17 -1.00 0.0

H2O/0.0/

H2/0.0/

END

***initial conditions for mixture**

**** n1, n2, increment, density, ux,vy,wz,pressure**

1, 101,1, 0.125,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0E+4

1, 51,1, 1.0 ,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0E+5

***ckinitial conditions (Initial conditions for real gas flow problems)**

****Under this group control card, the molar ratio (or volume ratio) of each specie is**

****inputed by the following format :**

****begin, last, inc,label, molar number,label,molar number, -----**

****example : 1, 101,1 ,O2,20.9476 ,N2,78.084 , AR,0.934 , CO2, 0.0314**

****The above example shows the molar number composition of each gas species for air.** n1, ** n2, increment, ** Specie (such
O2),

1, 101,1,O2,20.9476,N2,78.084, AR,0.934, CO2, 0.0314

***ckbcds (boundary conditions for species' mass fraction at specified node locations)**

begin, last, inc, label, value of mass fraction

3137, O2, 0.0, 3137, 1

3137, N2, 0.0, 3137, 1

3137, HE, 2.7514, 3137, 1

***output**

1,101,1,pres

1,101,1,density

1,101,1,mach

1,101,1,ux

1,101,1,temperature

1,101,1,O2

***last card**